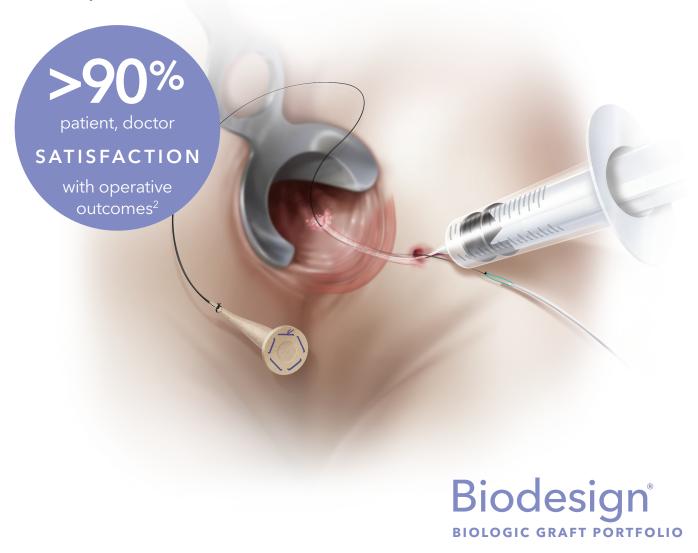
# Incontinence shouldn't be inevitable

The Biodesign Fistula Plug minimizes the risk of postoperative incontinence and provides a biologic, minimally invasive option for sphincter-sparing fistula repair.<sup>1</sup>



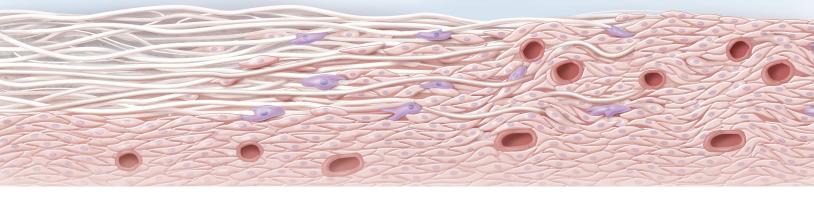
van Koperen PJ, Bemelman WA, Gerhards MF, et al. The anal fistula plug treatment compared with the mucosal advancement flap for cryptoglandular high transsphincteric perianal fistula: a double-blinded multicenter randomized trial. Dis Colon Rectum. 2011;54(4):387-393. Note: The name of our product has changed since this trial was published.

<sup>2.</sup> Chen ZW, Zheng Y, Zhao R, Wang ZJ. Treatment of anal fistula using a decellularized porcine small intestinal submucosa plug: A non-inferiority trial. *Medicine*. 2022;101(29):e29110.



## Biodesign biologics become you™ No permanent material left behind³

Biodesign biologic grafts are derived from small intestinal submucosa (SIS), a naturally occurring, intact extracellular matrix. SIS acts as a scaffold that allows host cells to infiltrate and remodel into vascularized tissue, leaving no permanent material in the patient's body.<sup>3</sup>



SIS scaffold

Infiltration of host cells

Vascularized tissue

#### **Product information**

### Biodesign Fistula Plug

For implantation to reinforce soft tissue for repair of recto-vaginal or anorectal fistulas

Order	Reference	Size
Number	Part Number	cm
G54612	C-FPS-0.2	0.2
G54613	C-FPS-0.4	0.4
G54614	C-FPS-0.7	0.7

#### **Product features**

- Manufactured in the US
- Biologic xenograft made from porcine SIS
- Non-cross-linked, non-dermis
- Easily hydrated in the operating room
- No special orientation or sidedness
- Off-the-shelf product that does not require special storage
- Does not require AATB tissue tracking
- MRI safe

#### IMPORTANT RISK INFORMATION

As with all implantable xenografts, risks exist. Scan the QR code for detailed product information, including a link to the Instructions for Use, which contains the indication statement, contraindications, precautions, and potential complications.





<sup>3.</sup> Franklin ME Jr, Trevino JM, Portillo G, Vela I, Glass JL, Gonzalez JJ. The use of porcine small intestinal submucosa as a prosthetic material for laparoscopic hernia repair in infected and potentially contaminated field: Long-term follow-up. Surg Endosc. 2008;22(9):1941-1946.